We claim:

1. A method of making a metal tube which comprises

- (A) providing an assembly which comprises
 - (1) a metal tube blank, and
 - (2) an elongate metal core which is surrounded and contacted by the tube blank;
- (B) elongating the assembly by mechanical working thereof until the tube blank has been converted into a tube of desired dimensions;
- (C) after step (B), subjecting the core to a treatment which (i) results in the core being in a stable stretched condition throughout its length, and (ii) does not substantially stretch the tube; and
- (D) removing the stretched core from the tube.
- 2. A method according to Claim wherein the core is composed of a metal which, when stretched under the conditions in step (C) in the form of a fully annealed sample,
 - (i) first stretches elastically until an elastic limit is reached, at which time the length of the sample is S_1 and the stretching force is F_1 , and
 - (ii) then stretches plastically, without breaking, until (a) the length of the sample reaches a second value S_2 which is at least 1.06 S_1 and (b) the stretching force reaches a second value F_2 , where F_2 is at least 1.4 F_1 .
- 3. A method according to Claim 2 wherein F_2 is at least 3.0 F_1 and S_2 is at least 1.2 S_1 .

- 4. A method according to Claim 3 wherein step (C) comprises stretching the core until its length is at least $1.15 S_1$, the stretching being carried out in a single step or in two or more steps without any treatment between the steps which substantially changes the response of the core to further stretching.
- 5. A method according to Claim 4 wherein the length of the sample is at least 1.03 S_1 when the stretching force is $(F_1 + 10,000)$ psi.
- 6. A method according to Claim 4 wherein the length of the sample is less than 1.03 S_1 when the stretching force is $(F_1 + 10,000)$ psi.
- 7. A method according to Claim 2 wherein step (C) comprises in sequence
 - (1) stretching the core,
 - (2) heating the stretched core from step (1), thereby removing at least some of the stresses in the core, and
 - (3) cooling and stretching the core from step (2).
- 8. A method according to Claim 7 wherein the core is stretched while it is cooling.
- 9. A method according to Claim 7 wherein the core is stretched after it has cooled.

A method according to Claim 7 wherein

- (i) a work-hardened tube is prepared in step (B),
- (ii) the assembly from step (B) is subjected to a treatment which removes at least some of the stresses from the core but does not remove all of the stresses from the tube, and
- (iii) in step (2) the heating of the stretched core does not remove all the stresses from the tube.



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11. A method according to Claim 1 wherein the tube, after step (B), has an inner diameter D_2 mm, and in step (C), the core is stretched from a first length L_0 mm to a stable stretched length L_2 mm which is at least p times L_0 , where

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$$p = \frac{D_2^2}{(D_2 - 0.025)^2}.$$

- 12. A method according to Claim 11 wherein D_2 is at most 12.7 mm.
- 13. A method according to Claim 1 wherein the core is composed of a shape memory metal having a martensite start temperature M_s and a martensite finish temperature M_f and wherein the core is at a temperature below M_s when it is stretched in step (C).
 - 14. A method according to Claim 13 wherein the core is at a temperature between M_s and M_f when it is stretched in step (C).
 - 15. A method according to Claim 13 wherein the core is at a temperature below M_f when it is stretched in step (C).
- B 16. A method according to Claim wherein the core is composed of an alloy comprising nickel and titanium.
 - 17. A method according to Claim 1 wherein the core is composed of an alloy selected from the group consisting of
 - (1) alloys consisting essentially of nickel in amount 55.5 to 56.0% and titanium in amount 44 to 44.5%,
 - (2) alloys consisting essentially of titanium in amount 44.5 to 47%, 0.1 to 2% of one or more of iron, cobalt, manganese, chromium, vanadium, zirconium, niobium, molybdenum, hafnium, tantalum and tungsten, and the balance nickel; and
 - (3) alloys consisting essentially of titanium in amount 44 to 44.5%, 0.1 to 20% of one or more of copper, silver and gold, and the balance nickel.



B

- B
- 18. A method according to Claim 1 wherein the tube blank is composed of a metal selected from the group consisting of
 - (1) alloys comprising nickel and titanium,
 - (2) alloys containing at least 80% titanium,
 - (3) titanium,
 - (4) zirconium,
 - (5) hafnium,
 - (6) nickel aluminide, and
 - (7) titanium aluminide,

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19. A method according to Claim + wherein there is a lubricant between the core and the tube blank.

20. A method according to Claim 1 wherein the assembly, at the end of step (B), has a length of at least 100 meters, and is cut into lengths of less than 35 meters prior to step (C).

- B
- 21. A method according the Claim T wherein the elongated assembly from step (B) is cut into discrete lengths, at least one of the discrete lengths is subjected to a mechanical treatment which results in a continuous or stepped taper over at least part of the assembly, and step (C) is carried out on the tapered assembly.
- B
- 22. An assembly which is suitable for use in a method as defined in Claim 1 and which comprises
 - (1) a metal tube blank, and
 - (2) an elongate metal core which is surrounded and contacted by the tube blank and which is composed of a metal such that after the assembly has been elongated by mechanical working thereof, the



core can be converted into a stable stretched condition which permits the core to be physically withdrawn from the tube.

23. A seamless metal tapered tube in which the ratio of the outside diameter to the inside diameter is substantially constant.

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